## **Patent Claims**

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- 1. A nucleic acid molecule which is selected from the group consisting of
  - a) nucleic acid molecules which encode a polypeptide which contains the amino acid sequence disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 2;
- b) nucleic acid molecules which contain the sequence depicted by SEQ ID NO: 1;
  - nucleic acid molecules whose complementary strand hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule from a) or b) under stringent conditions and which encode a polypeptide which exhibits the biological function of a photoprotein;
  - d) nucleic acid molecules which differ from the nucleic acid molecules mentioned under c) due to the degeneracy of the genetic code;
  - e) nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 1 of at least 95% and encode a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein; and
  - f) nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 1 of at least 65% and encode a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein.
  - 2. A nucleic acid molecule which is selected from the group consisting of
    - a) nucleic acid molecules which encode a polypeptide which contains the amino acid sequence disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 3;
- b) nucleic acid molecules which contain the sequence depicted by SEQ ID NO: 4;
  - nucleic acid molecules whose complementary strand hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule from a) or b) under stringent conditions and which encode a peptide which exhibits the biological function of a signal or leader peptide;
  - d) nucleic acid molecules which differ from the nucleic acid molecules mentioned under c) due to the degeneracy of the genetic code;
    - e) nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 4 of at least 90% and encode a peptide which has the biological function of a signal or leader peptide; and

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- f) nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 4 of at least 60% and encode a peptide which has the biological function of a signal or leader peptide.
- 3. A nucleic acid molecule which is selected from the group consisting of
- nucleic acid molecules which encode a polypeptide which contains the amino acid sequence disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 6;
  - b) nucleic acid molecules which contain the sequence depicted by SEQ ID NO: 5;
  - nucleic acid molecules whose complementary strand hybridizes with a nucleic acid molecule from a) or b) under stringent conditions and which encode a polypeptide which exhibits the biological function of a photoprotein;
  - d) nucleic acid molecules which differ from the nucleic acid molecules mentioned under c) due to the degeneracy of the genetic code;
  - e) nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 5 of at least 95% and encode a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein; and
  - f) nucleic acid molecules which exhibit a sequence homology with SEQ ID NO: 5 of at least 80% and encode a polypeptide which has the biological function of a photoprotein.
- 4. A nucleic acid as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3 which contains a functional promoter 5' to the coding sequence.
  - 5. A recombinant DNA or RNA vector which contains a nucleic acid as claimed in claim 4.
  - 6. An organism which harbors a vector as claimed in claim 5.
- 7. An oligonucleotide having more than 10 consecutive nucleotides which is identical or complementary to a constituent sequence of a nucleic acid molecule as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3.
  - 8. A polypeptide which is encoded by a nucleic acid sequence as claimed in claim 1, 2 or 3.
  - 9. A method for expressing the polypeptide as claimed in claim 8 in bacteria, viral systems, yeasts or eukaryotic cells or in *in-vitro* expression systems.

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- 10. A method for purifying/isolating a photoprotein polypeptide as claimed in claim 8.
- 11. A peptide having more than 5 consecutive amino acids which is recognized immunologically by antibodies directed against the photoprotein mtClytin.
- 12. A peptide having more than 5 consecutive amino acids which is recognized immunologically by antibodies directed against the photoprotein clytin-2.
- 13. A peptide having more than 5 consecutive amino acids which is recognized immunologically by antibodies directed against the signal or leader peptide disclosed by SEQ ID NO: 3.
- 14. The use of a nucleic acid as claimed in claims 1 to 5 as a marker gene or reporter gene.
- 10 15. The use of a photoprotein as claimed in claim 8 as a label or reporter.
  - 16. The use of a nucleic acid which contains the sequence depicted as SEQ ID NO: 4 as a signal or leader sequence.
  - 17. The use of a peptide which contains the sequence depicted as SEQ ID NO: 3 as a signal or leader peptide.
- 15 18. The use as claimed in claim 16 or 17 for transporting a protein which is fused to the signal or leader peptide into cell organelles.
  - 19. The use as claimed in claim 18, wherein the cell organelles are mitochondria or the endoplasmic reticulum (ER).
- The use of the polypeptides as claimed in claim 8 as reporter proteins in searching for pharmacological active compounds.
  - 21. The use of the nucleic acids as claimed in claims 1-3 as reporter genes in searching for pharmacological active compounds.